

THE
S O R R O W S
O F
W E R T H E R
A GERMAN STORY.

—— *Tædet cæli convexa tueri.*

—— TO EACH HIS SUFFERINGS ——
GRAY.

IN TWO VOLUMES.

VOL. II.

DUBLIN:
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1794.

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THE
S O R R O W S
O F
W E R T E R,

LETTER XXXIX.

OCT. 20, 1771.

I ARRIVED here yesterday. The minister is indisposed, and will not go out for some days. If he was less peevish and morose all would do well. I see it but too plainly, heaven has destined me to severe trials: but I won't be disheartened; one may bear any thing with a little levity. I can scarcely help smiling at the word which has just escaped me; a little of that levity, which I am totally without, would make me the happiest of men. And must I despair of my faculties and the gifts of nature, whilst

others of far inferior strength and talents are parading before me with the utmost satisfaction in themselves? Great God! amidst the blessings thou deigned to shower down upon me, why was I not endowed with self complacency and confidence? But patience, and all will I hope be better; for I will own to you my dear friend, that you were in the right: since I have been obliged to mix continually with other men: since I have had an opportunity of observing their designs, their conduct, their conversation, I am become more easy and more satisfied with myself. As we naturally compare ourselves with every thing we meet, our happiness or misery depends on the objects which are brought into comparison with us, and in this respect nothing is more dangerous than solitude. There our imagination, which is ever disposed to rise, takes a new flight on the wings of fancy, and forms a chain of beings of which we are the last and most inferior. All things appear greater than they really are, and all seem superior to us; and this operation of the mind is natural. We are continually feel-

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ing our own imperfections ; we think we have observed in other qualities which we have not, and conclude they also possess all we have ourselves ; and thus we have made a perfect and a happy man :—but such a man exists only in our imaginations.

But when, in spite of weakness and disappointment, we direct our endeavours to one end, and steadily persevere in the pursuit of it, we often find that we have made more way though continually tacking, than others with all the assistance of wind and tide ; and yet that is a true judgment which we form of ourselves from our situation with others, whether we are on a line with them, or before them.

L E T T E R XXXIX.

Nov. 10.

I BEGIN to think my situation more tolerable : I am much occupied ; and the number of actors, and the different parts they

they play, make a very amusing variety in the scene. I have made an acquaintance with the Count of C—, and I esteem him more and more every day. He is a man of strong understanding and great discernment : but though he sees farther than other people, he is not therefore cold in his temper and manner ; his sensibility surpasses all his other qualities. One morning that I went to speak to him upon business, he expressed a friendship for me ; by the first word he perceived that we understood each other, and that he might talk to me in a stile different from that he made use of with most of the others.

I cannot express the satisfaction I receive from the openness of his conduct with regard to me. It is the greatest of pleasures when a delicate mind thus lays itself open to one.

LETTER

LETTER XL.

DEC. 24.

I FORESAW it; the minister occasions me a number of vexations. 'Tis the most punctilious blockhead under heaven; he goes on step by step with the trifling minuteness of an old woman. But how can a man be pleased with other people who is never satisfied with himself? I like to proceed with business regularly and with alacrity; and when it is finished, that it should be finished. But not so with him; he is capable of returning my draught to me and saying, "It will do; but go over it again however, there is always something to correct: one may find a better phrase or a properer word." I then lose all patience, and wish myself at the devil. Not a conjunction, nor one connecting word must be omitted; and as to the transpositions, which I like, and which flow naturally from my pen, he is their mortal foe. If every sentence is not expressed exactly in the stile of the office, he is quite lost. 'Tis deplorable

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have any connection with such a personage.

The only thing which gives me satisfaction, is my intimacy with Count C——. He very frankly told me the other day, how much he was displeased with the difficulties and delays of the minister ; that people of his cast must make every thing troublesome to themselves, and to others, “ But,” added he, one must submit, as a traveller that is obliged to climb over a mountain ; if the mountain was not in the way, his road would undoubtedly be shorter and more convenient, but in fine, there it is, and he must go over it.”

The old man perceives the Count’s preference of me : it makes him angry. When I am present he takes every opportunity to depreciate the Count ; I naturally take up his defence, and that encreases his displeasure. Yesterday I was well aware that when he aimed a stroke at my friend, he meant that it should also hit me.—“ For the common affairs of the world,” said he,
“ the

“the Count may do very well, his stile is good, and he writes with facility, but, like other great geniuses, he has no solid learning.” I longed to strike him; for to what purpose is argument with such a kind of animal? However, as that was not possible, I answered with some warmth, that every respect was due to him, both for his understanding and his character; that he was the only man I had ever met with, whose extensive genius raised him so high above the common level, and who yet retained all his activity in business. This was algebra to his conceptions; and I withdrew, lest some new absurdity in him should raise my choler too much. It is you that are the authors of my ill-fortune; you, all of you who forced me to bend my neck to this yoke, and preached activity to me. If the man who plants potatoes, and carries them to town on market days, is not a more active being than I am, then let me work ten years longer, at the cursed galley to which I am now chained.

And distaste and lassitude, those fashionable

able miseries which reign amongst the silly people who affect an unmixed society ; the ambition of rank ! how they toil, how they watch to gain precedence ! What poor and contemptible passions, and how plain to be seen ! We have a woman here, for example, who never ceases to entertain the company with accounts of her family, and her estates. Any stranger who heard her would suppose she was a silly creature, whose head was turned by some slight pretence at least to rank, or the lordship of a manor ; but still more ridiculous, she is the daughter of a steward's clerk in this neighbourhood. I cannot conceive how the human race can so debase itself.

I do indeed every day perceive more and more how absurd it is to judge of others by one's self. And it is with so much difficulty that I stop the ferment of my blood, and keep my heart at peace, that I very readily leave every one to pursue the path he has chosen ; but at the same time I ask a like permission for myself.

These

These paltry distinctions between the inhabitants of the same town, are what disturb me most. I know perfectly well, that inequality of conditions is necessary, and much I myself gain by it. But I would not have this institution come in my way and hinder me, when I might enjoy some pleasure, some shadow of happiness upon this earth.

I have lately made an acquaintance with a Miss B. a very agreeable girl; who, notwithstanding the formality and stiffness of the people about her, has retained a very easy and unaffected manner. The first conversation we had together, equally pleased us both: and when we parted I desired leave to pay my respects to her; which she granted in so obliging a manner, that I waited with impatience for the time to avail myself of it. She is not of this place, but lives here with an aunt. The countenance of the old virago displeased me at first sight; however I paid her great attention, and often addressed myself to her. In about half an hour, I pretty nearly guessed

guessed what her niece has since acknowledged. This good aunt who is in years, with a small fortune, and still smaller share of understanding, has no satisfaction but the long list of her ancestors ; no protection but her noble birth ; this is the defence, the rampart with which she surrounds herself ; and her only amusement is standing at her window to look down with sovereign contempt on the ignoble heads which pass under it in the street. This ridiculous old woman was formerly handsome, and many a young man was the sport of her caprice : that was the golden age. Her charms faded, she was forced to accept of an old half-pay officer, and be subservient to his will : that was the age of brass. Now she is a widow and deserted ; was it not for her agreeable niece, nobody would take notice of her :—this may truly be called the iron age.

LETTER

L E T T E R XLI.

JANUARY 8, 1772.

WHAT men are these ! Form occupies their whole souls ; they can employ their time and thoughts for a whole year together, in contriving how to get nearer, by one chair only, to the upper end of the table.—And don't call it idleness, for on the contrary they increase their labour, by giving to these trifles the time they ought to employ in business. Last week, in a party upon the ice in sledges, there was a dispute for precedence, and the party was immediately broken up.

The idiots ! they do not see that 'tis not the place which constitutes real greatness: the man who enjoys the highest post very rarely acts the principal part: many a king is governed by a minister, and many a minister by his secretary. Who is in that case to be accounted the first, and chief ? Is it not the man who has the power or the address to make the passions of others subserviant to his own designs ?

L E T T E R

LETTER XLII.

JANUARY, 20.

I MUST write to you from hence, my dear Charlotte from a cottage where I have been obliged to take shelter from a violent storm. In all the time I have spent in that melancholy town amidst strangers—strangers indeed to this heart—I have not been compelled to write to you : but in the cottage, in this retirement, in this sort of imprisonment, whilst the snow and hail are driving against my little window, I see myself restored to you and myself. The moment I entered, your figure presented itself before my eyes, and the remembrance of you filled my heart. Oh ! my Charlotte, the sacred remembrance ! the tender recollections !—Gracious Heaven ! restore to me that first moment in which I beheld her !

Could you see me, my dear Charlotte, in in that vortex where every thing dissipates and nothing touches me ! My senses are dried up ; my heart is at no time full ;
never

never sheds the soft tears of tenderness ; nothing touches me. I stand, as it were, before the raree-show ; I see the little puppets move, and I say to myself it is a deception of optics. I am amused with these puppets, or rather I myself are one of them. I take the hand of the man who stands next to me, I feel that it is made of wood, I shudder and draw mine back. I have found but one being here that is of the same order with you, a Miss B. She resembles you, my dear Charlotte, if indeed it is possible for any thing to resemble you. " Ah ! " you will say, " he has learnt to make elegant compliments." And there is some truth in your observation. I have been prodigiously agreeable lately, not having it in my power to be any thing better. I have a great deal of wit too, and the women say that nobody understands better how to deal out panegyric—" and *lies*," you will add, for one accompanies the other. —But I meant to talk to you of Miss B. She has great sensibility, and a superior understanding ; her fine blue eyes shew evident marks of both. Her rank is a burthen

then

then to her, and gratifies no one passion of her soul; she would gladly leave this croud; and we often indulge our imagination in talking for hours together, of happiness in retired and country scenes, and near you, my dear Charlotte;—for she knows you, she does homage to you; but the homage is not exacted; she loves you; and takes great pleasure in hearing me talk of you.

Oh! why am I not at your feet in your favourite little room, and the dear children playing round us! if their noise became troublesome to you, I would tell them a story, and they would croud about me with silent attention. The sun is setting; his last rays shine on the snow which covers the face of the country; the storm is over and I—must return to my dungeon. Adieu!—Is Albert with you, and what is he to you? Fool that I am, should I ask this question?

LETTER

L E T T E R XLIII.

FEBRUARY, 17.

OUR minister and I don't seem as if we should continue much longer together: his manner of treating a subject, and of doing business, is so absurd, that I cannot help contradicting him very often, and doing things my own way; and then, of course he thinks them very ill done. He mentioned something of this kind lately in a letter to court, and I had a reprimand from the minister there—very gentle indeed—but still it was a reprimand; and I had resolved to resign, when I received a private letter, before which I humbled myself, and adored the wise, the noble, the exalted genius which dictated it—which endeavoured to sooth my painful sensibility—expressed an approbation of my schemes, and an opinion of their weight and influence;—condescending to enquire into business, as if to examine the ideas of an impetuous young man. How I am exhorted,
not

not to extinguish this fire, but to soften it, and keep it within due bounds, and it may be productive of good ! So now I am no longer at variance with myself, but settled, determined—at least for a week to come. Content and peace of mind are valuable things, my dear friend; but if they are precious, they are also transitory.

LETTER XLIV.

FEBRUARY, 20.

GOD bless you, my dear friend ! and may he grant to you that happiness which he denies to me ! I thank you Albert, for having deceived me. I waited for the wedding day to be fixed, and on that day I intended with solemnity to have taken down Charlotte's profile from the wall, and with some other papers to have buried it. You are now united, and her picture still remains there. Well, let it remain

Why

Why should it not? Does not Charlotte find room for me in her heart? Yes, you may allow me to occupy the second place there, and I will, I ought to keep it; I should become furious if she could forget—Albert, that thought is hell.—May you be happy, Albert!—Charlotte, angel of light, may you be the happiest of women!

LETTER XLV.

MARCH, 15.

I HAVE just had an adventure which will drive me from hence: I lose all patience—Death!—it is not to be remedied, and you only are the cause of this;—you that drove me on, and urged and tormented me;—you that made me take an employment I am by no means fit for. I have great reason now to be satisfied—so have you! But that I may not again be told, that the impetuosity of my temper ruins every

every thing, I here send you, sir, a plain and simple narration of affairs, as any mere cronicler of facts would relate it.

The Count of O—— likes me, distinguishes me ; it is known that he does ; I have mentioned it to you a hundred times. Yesterday I dined with him ; it was the day on which all the nobility meet at his house. I never once dreamed of the assembly, nor that we subalterns were excluded. In short I dined with the Count, and after dinner we went into the hall, and talked and walked backwards and forwards. Colonel B. who came in, joined in the conversation, and the time passed away until the company came. God knows I was thinking of nothing ! when entered the right noble and right honourable Lady of T——, accompanied by her husband and their silly daughter, with her small waist and flat neck ; with disdainful looks and a haughty air they passed by me. As I hate the whole race, I intended to go away, and was only waiting, till the Count had disengaged himself from their impertinent

tinent prate, to take leave, when the agreeable Miss B. came in. As I never see her but with pleasure, I stayed and talked to her, leaning over the back of her chair, and did not perceive till after some time that she seemed a little confused, and did not speak to me with her usual ease of manner. I was struck with it. "Heavens," said I to myself, "can she too be like all the rest?" I was angry, and going to withdraw; but the desire of examining further into this matter kept me. The rest of the company came, I saw the Baron B— enter with the same coat that he wore at the coronation of Francis the First; the Chancellor and his wife, who is old and deaf; the Count of I——, whose Gothic dress made a still greater contrast to our modern coats, &c. &c. I spoke to those that I knew amongst them; they were all very laconic in their answers. I was taken up with observing Miss B. and did not see that the women were whispering at the end of the room, and that by degrees the same whispering and murmuring got round amongst the men, and that Madame S. was speaking

speaking with great warmth to the Count —(this I have since learnt from Miss B.) —At length the Count came up to me, and took me to the window.—“ You know our ridiculous customs,” he said ; “ I perceive the company is displeased at your being here : I would not upon any account ” —“ I beg your excellency’s pardon ; I ought to have thought of it before : but I know you will excuse this little inattention. I was going,” I added, “ some time ago, but my evil genius kept me here ;” and smiling, I bowed to take leave. He shook me by the hand in a manner which expressed every thing. I made a bow to the whole illustrious assembly, got into my chaise, and drove to M—. I contemplated the setting sun from the top of the hill.—I read that beautiful passage in Homer, where the honest herdsmen are described receiving the King of Ithaca with so much hospitality ; and I returned well pleased. When I went into the supper room at night, there were but a few persons assembled, and they had turned up a corner of the table cloth, and were playing

ing at dice. The good natured Adelin came up to me as soon as I entered, and in a low voice said, "You have met with a very disagreeable incident"—"Who, I;"—"The Count obliged you to withdraw from the assembly."—"Devil take the assembly!" said I. "I was very glad to be gone." "I am rejoiced," he said, "that you look upon the affair in that light; all that concerns me is, to find that it is talked of every where already." From that moment I began to think of it in a different manner. All those that looked at me whilst we were at table, I imagined were looking at me on account of this incident; and bitterness entered my heart. And now that I am pitied wherever I go, and hear the triumph of my enemies; who say,—This is always the case with those vain significant personages who pretend to despise forms, and want to raise themselves; with other nonsense of the same kind.—I could plunge a dagger into my heart. Say what you will of philosophy and fortitude; one may laugh at nonsense that

that has no foundation, but how is it possible to endure that these paltry rascals should have any hold of one

LETTER XLVI.

MARCH, 16.

EVERY thing conspires to drive me to extremities. I met Miss B— walking to-day. I could not help joining her, and expressing my sense of her altered manner towards me. “Oh! WERTER,” said she with eagerness, you who know my heart how could you so ill interpret my distress! What did not I suffer for you from the first moment I entered the room! I foresaw all that has happened: a hundred times was upon the point of mentioning it to you. I knew that the S—’s and T— would quit the assembly rather than stay in your company. I knew the Count could not break with them: and now all the

talk

talk"—I endeavoured to conceal my emotion, and asked her what talk. "Oh! how much it has already cost me!" said the aimable girl, and tears came into her eyes—I could scarce contain myself—I was ready to throw myself at her feet. "Explain yourself." I cried.—Her tears flowed, and I was quite frantic. She wiped them away without endeavouring to hide them. "You know my aunt," she continued; "she was present, and, good God! in what a light does she consider the affair! WERTER, what lessons have I heard last night and this morning upon my connection with you! I have been obliged to hear you debased and run down; and I could not, I dared not, say much in your defence." Every word was a dagger; she did not know that in pity to me she should have concealed all that she informed me of.—She told me too all the impertinent nonsense that would be circulated upon the occasion, and how the malicious would triumph; how they would rejoice that my pride was humbled; and how happy it would make them, to see me punished for that want of

esteem for others, with which I have been often reproached. This is what she told me, and in a manner which shewed the warmest interest ; this is what I was forced to hear—it awakened all my passions, and I still breathe rage and fury. Would that I could find a man who dared banter me on this event !—I would sacrifice him instantly to my resentment ; it would be a relief to me to discharge my fury on the first object I met ; a hundred times have I caught up a sword to give vent to my oppressed heart. There is a noble race of horses, which will instinctively open a vein with their teeth, when they are heated by a long course, in order to breath more freely—I am often tempted to open a vein, and procure for myself everlasting liberty.

LETTER

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LETTER XLVII.

MARCH, 24.

I HAVE written to court for leave to resign; and I hope I shall obtain it. You will forgive me for not having previously consulted you. It was expedient for me to leave this place.—I knew all you could alledge in order to induce me to stay, and therefore—I beg of you to soften this news as much as you can to my mother, when you acquaint her with it. I can do nothing for myself; how should I do any thing for others? she will undoubtedly be grieved to find, that I have stopped short in that career which would have led directly to my being first a Privy Counsellor, and then Minister; and to see me thus returning to my original nothing. Argue on the subject as much as you will, combine all the reasons which should have induced me to stay; I am going, that is sufficient. But that you may not be ignorant where I am going, I shall tell you that here is the

Prince of —, who is much pleased with my company, and who having heard of my intention to resign, has invited me to his country-house, to pass the spring months with him. He assures me that I shall be left quite at liberty ; and as we agree on all subjects but one, I shall venture to accompany him.

LETTER XLVIII.

APRIL, 19.

I THANK you for your two letters. I waited for my answer from court before I wrote to you. I was under continual apprehensions lest my mother should apply to the minister in order to defeat my purpose. But I have received my dismissal: and here it is. I will not tell you with what regret it was given to me, nor what the minister said in his letter to me, for
you

you would renew your lamentations. The money which I sent to my mother for, I shall not want; for the hereditary Prince has made me a present—and it was accompanied with a few words which affected me almost to tears.

LETTER XLIX.

MAY, 5.

I SET out to-morrow; and as my native place is but fix miles out of the great road, I have a mind to see it, and call back to my remembrance the happy dreams of my childhood. I shall go in at the same gate which I came through with my mother, when after my father's death she left that delightful retreat to immure herself in your melancholy town. Adieu, my dear friend you shall hear of my expedition.

LETTER

L E T T E R L.

MAY, 9.

I PERFORMED my pilgrimage to the place of my nativity, with all the devotion of a real pilgrim: I was affected much beyond what I expected. Near the great elm, which is a quarter of a league from the village on the side of S——, I got out of the carriage, and sent it on before, that alone and on foot, I might more fully and without interruption enjoy all my recollections. I was then under the same elm which formerly was the term and object of my walks. How things have since changed! Then, in happy ignorance, I languished after a world I did not know, and where I hoped to find all the enjoyments my heart so often felt the want of: and now I was returned from that world so much desired; and what, my dear friend, did I bring back? Disappointed hopes, unsuccessful plans.

I observed

I observed the opposite mountains, and I remember how they had excited my wishes. I used to sit sometimes for whole hours looking at them, and ardently longing to wander under the shades of those woods which made so delightful an object in this distance. With what reluctance I quitted this favourite spot when the play hour was over; and my leave of absence expired! As I drew near to the village, I recognised all the little gardens and summer houses that I was acquainted with. I disliked the new ones, as I do all the alterations that have been made since my time. I went into the village and felt quite at home again. I cannot my dear friend, in retail relate all the circumstances with which I was affected; however interesting they were to me, there would be a sameness in the relation. I had intended to lodge in the market place near our old house: as soon as I entered, I perceived that school-room, where we were taught by the good old woman, was turned into a shop. I remembered the sorrow, the dullness, the anxiety, the oppression of heart

I had

I had experienced in that confinement. Every step was marked by some particular impression. A pilgrim in the holy land does not meet with so many spots which bring tender recollections, to his mind; and scarcely feels more devotion. One sensation I relate, of the thousand I experienced: Having followed the course of the stream to a farm, which was formerly a favourite walk likewise, and where we used to divert ourselves with making ducks and drakes upon the water; I was most forcibly struck with the memory of what I then was, when I looked at the water as it flowed, and formed romantic ideas of the countries it was going to pass through. My imagination was soon exhausted: but the water continued flowing farther and farther, till I was bewildered in the idea of invisible distance. Exactly such, my dear friend, were the thoughts of our good ancestors—And when Ulysses talks of the immeasurable sea, and the unlimited earth, is it not more natural, more true, more according to our feelings, then when in this philosophic

philosophic age, every school-boy thinks himself a prodigy, because he can repeat after his master that the earth is round? I am at present with the Prince at one of his hunting-lodges. He is an honest and unaffected man, and I am very well pleased with him: what I dislike, is his talking of, and always exactly under the same point of view that they have been presented to him. I am sorry to say that he values my understanding and talents much more highly than that mind, for which alone I value myself—which alone is the source of talents, of happiness, of misery, of every thing—which makes me all I am, and is solely mine—Any body may know all that I know.

LETTER

L E T T E R L I.

MAY, 25.

I HAD a scheme in my head, which I intended to conceal from you till it is accomplished; now that it has failed I may as well tell it you. I had a mind to go into the army; I had long been desirous of it, and it was my chief reason for coming here with the Prince. He is the general in the service of the —. As we were walking just now, I communicated my desire to him: he did not approve it; and it would have been madness not to have yielded to his reasons.

L E T T E R

LETTER LII.

JUNE, II.

SAY what you please, I can stay in this place no longer what shall I do here? I am weary of it. The Prince, it is true, treats me in all respects as his equal, but still I am not at my ease here. Besides, we are at bottom very different men. He has a good understanding, but quite of the common kind; and the pleasure I have in his conversation, is only such as I receive from reading a well-written book. I shall stay a week more here, and then travel about again. What I have done best, since I came to this place, are some drawings. The Prince has some taste for the arts, and would have more, if it was not cramped by cold rules and technical terms. I often lose all patience, when with a glowing imagination I am giving to art and nature the most lively expression, and he stops me with learned criticisms, upon which he highly values himself.

LETTER

LETTER LIII.

JUNE, 18.

WHERE am I going? I will tell you in confidence; I am obliged to continue here a fortnight longer; after that, I thought it would be expedient for me to see the mines of —. But 'tis no such thing; I only deceive myself: the real truth is, that I wish to be near Charlotte again, I am not the dupe of my heart, but I obey its dictates.

LETTER LIV.

JULY, 29.

OH! No; 'tis well—'tis all well.—My dear husband! Eternal Power that gave me being, if thou hadst destined such happiness for me, my whole life would have been

one continual thanksgiving ! But I will not murmur against thee : forgive my tear, forgive my fruitless vows !—She might have been mine ; I might have folded in these arms all that is lovely under heaven !—My whole frame is convulsed when Albert puts his arms round her waist.

Shall I say it ?—And why should I not say it ?—she would have been happier with me than with him. Albert was not made for her ; he wants a certain sensibility ; he wants—in short their hearts do not beat in unison. Ah ! my dear friend, how often in reading an interesting passage, where my heart and Charlotte's seemed to meet, and when our sentiments were unfolded by the story and situation of fictitious characters, how often have I seen and felt, that we were made to understand each other ! Alas, my friend !—But this worthy man loves her with all his soul ; and what does not such love deserve ?

I have been interrupted by an insufferable visit. I have dried up my tears, and

my thoughts are a little dissipated. Adieu,
my dearest friend.

LETTER LV.

AUGUST, 4.

I AM not alone unfortunate ; men are all disappointed in their hopes, and all their schemes fall to the ground. I have been to see the good woman under the lime-trees. The eldest boy ran to meet me ; he screamed for joy, and that brought ont his mother. She looked very melancholy. “ Alas ! my good Sir,” said she, “ our poor little Jenny is dead ;” (that was the youngest of her children), I answered nothing—“ And my husband,” she continued, “ came back from Holland without any money : he was taken ill with a fever ; and if some good people had not relieved him, he must have been obliged to beg his bread along the road.”

road." I could say nothing to her: I gave some money to the boy; and she offered me some apples, which I accepted, and, full of sorrow, left the place.

L E T T E R LVI.

AUGUST, 12.

MY sensations change with the rapidity of lightning. Sometimes a ray of joy seems to give me new life.—Alas! it disappears in a moment. When I am thus lost in reveries, I cannot help saying to myself—"If Albert was to die, I should—yes, Charlotte would"—and I pursue the chimera till it leads me to the edge of a precipice, from which I start back and shudder. When I get out of the same gate, when I take the same road which conducted me the first time towards Charlotte, my heart sinks within me: and I feel with bitterness how different I then was,

from what I now am. Yes, all is vanished. Not a sentiment, not a pulsation of my heart is the same; no traces of the past remain. If the shade of a departed prince could return to visit the superb palace he had built in happy times, and left to a beloved son; and if he found them overthrown and destroyed by a more powerful neighbour, such would be his sensations.

LETTER LVII.

SEPTEMBER, 3.

I SOMETIMES cannot comprehend how it is that she loves another—how she dare love another, whilst I bear her about me in this heart—whilst she entirely fills and engrosses it—whilst I think only of her—know only her, and have nothing but her in the world.

LETTER

LETTER XLI.

SEPTEMBER, 6.

IT cost me much to part with the blue frock which I wore the first time I danced with Charlotte ; I could not possibly appear in it any longer ; but I have made another exactly like it, and with a buff waistcoat and breeches.

It has not however the same effect upon me. I don't know, but I hope in time it will be as dear to me.

LETTER LIX.

SEPTEMBER, 15.

ONE is tempted to wish one's self at the devil, when one thinks of all the contemptible beings which heaven suffers to crawl upon this earth, without any feeling, without any idea of things which may be interesting to others. You may remember the walnut tree at S. under which I sat with

with Charlotte at the worthy old vicar's. The school-master had the tears in his eyes yesterday, when he told us they were cut down.—Cut down! I could in my fury murder the ruffian who struck the first stroke. I have, however, one consolation—such is the sentiment—the whole village murmurs at it, and I hope the good peasants will make no more presents to the vicar's wife, and that she will suffer for the mischief she has done in the parish—for she did it, the wife of the present incumbent, (our good old man is dead) a tall, meagre, wrinkled wretched creature, who is so far right to disregard the world, that the world totally disregards her; an antiquated scold, who affects to be learned, pretends to examine the canonical books, lent her assistance towards the new reformation, moral and critical, of the Christian religion, and shrugs up her shoulders at the mention of Lavater's enthusiasm. Her health is destroyed, and hinders her from having any enjoyment here below. Such a being only could cut down my walnut-trees. No, I cannot get

over it. Would you hear her reasons ; the leaves which fell from them made the court wet and dirty ; the trees obstructed the light ; little boys threw stones at the nuts, and the noise affected her nerves, and disturbed her profound meditations, when she was weighing in the balance Kennicott, Semler, and Michaelis. When I found that all the parish was displeased, and particularly the old people, I asked them why they suffered it ?—" Ah ! Sir," they said, " when the steward orders, what can we poor peasants do ?" However one thing has happened very well ; the steward and the vicar (who for once thought to reap some advantage from the caprices of his wife) intended to divide the trees between them. The revenue-office being informed of it, took possession of the trees, and sold them to the best bidder. There they lie still on the ground. Oh ! if I were a sovereign prince how I would deal with the vicar, the steward, and the revenue-office !—But if I was a prince, what should I care for the trees that grew in my country.

LETTER

LETTER LX.

OCTOBER 10.

ONLY to look at her dark eyes is to me happiness. What grieves me is, that Albert does not seem so happy as he expected to be—as I should have been—if—I don't much love suspensions; but here I cannot express myself any otherwise.—Heavens! and am I not explicit enough?

LETTER LXI.

OCTOBER, 12.

OSSIAN has taken the place of Homer in my heart and imagination. To what a world does the illustrious bard carry me! To wander in heaths and wilds, surrounded by impetuous whirlwinds, in which, by the feeble light of the moon, we discover the spirits of our ancestors;—to hear from
the

the top of the mountains, amidst the roaring of the waters, their plaintive sounds issuing from deep caverns, and the sorrowful lamentations of a maiden who sighs and dies on the mossy tomb of the warrior by whom she was adored! I meet this bard with silver hair; he wanders in the valley, he seeks the footsteps of his fathers. Alas! he finds only their tombs! Then contemplating the pale moon as she sinks beneath the waves of the foaming sea, the memory of past times strikes the mind of the hero;—those times when the approach of danger filled his heart with exultation, and gave vigour to his nerves—when the moon shone upon his bark, laden with the spoils of his enemies, and lighted up his triumph—when I read in his countenance his deep sorrow—when I see his sinking glory tottering towards the grave—when he casts a look on the cold earth which is to cover him, and cries out, “The traveller will come, he will come who has seen my beauty, and will ask, where is the bard, where is the illustrious son of Fingal? he will walk over my tomb, and he will seek

me in vain !”—Then, O my friend ! I could instantly ; like a true and noble knight, draw my sword, and rescue my prince from long and painfull languor, and afterwards plunge it into my own breast, to follow the demi-god whom my hand set free.

LETTER LXII.

OCTOBER, 16.

ALAS ! the void, the fearful void I feel in my bosom.—Sometimes I think if I could but once, only once press her to my heart, I should be happy.

LETTER

LETTER LXIII.

OCTOBER, 26.

IAM convinced, my dear friend, more and more convinced, that the existence of any one being whatever is of little, very little consequence. A friend of Charlotte's came just now to make her a visit; I withdrew, and took up a book in the next room; one is going to be married, another is ill, very ill. "She has a dry cough and frequent faintings; she cannot recover," one says. "He begins to swell already," answers the other: ". And my imagination suddenly carries me to their sick beds; I see them struggling against approaching death, and all the agonies of pain and horror. I see them—And these good little women are talking of it with the same indifference that one would mention the death of a stranger. And when I look at the apartments in which I now am, when I see Charlotte's apparel lying round

round me ; here upon this little table are her ear-rings, Albert's papers, all things are so familiar to me, the very ink-stand I now use and that I think what I am to this family—every thing—my friends esteem me are made happy by me, and my heart cannot conceive that any thing could exist without them ; and yet if I was now to go if I was to quit this circle, would they feel, how long would they feel that void in their life, which the loss of me would leave : How long—yes, such is the frailty of man, that there where he most feels his own existence, where his presence make a real and strong impression, even in the memory of those who are dear to him ; there also he must perish and vanish away, and that so quickly !

LETTER

LETTER XLIV.

OCTOBER, 27.

I COULD tear open my bosom, I could beat my head against the wall, when I see how difficult it is to communicate our ideas, our sensation, to others ; to make them enter entirely into our feelings. I cannot receive from another the love, the joy, the warmth, the pleasure, that I do not naturally possess ; nor with a heart glowing with the most lively affection, can I make the happiness of one in whom the same warmth and energy is not inherent.

LETTER

LETTER LXV.

OCTOBER 30.

A HUNDRED times have I been upon the point of catching her in my arms ! What torment it is to see such loveliness, such charms, passing and repassing continually before one, and not dare to touch them ? To touch is so natural : Do not children touch every thing that the see ? and I !——

LETTER XLVI.

NOVEMBER 3.

HOW often when I have laid down in my bed have I wished never to wake again ? and in the morning I open my eyes, I again behold the sun, and am wretched. Oh ! why am I not fancifull and hypochondriacal

drical? Why cannot I attribute my woes
 to intemperate seasons, to disappointed am-
 bition, to the persecution of an enemy?
 for then this insupportable load of discon-
 tent would not rest wholly upon myself.
 But, wretch that I am! I feel it but too
 sensibly, I alone am the cause of my un-
 happiness; this same bosom which formerly
 contained a source of delight is now the
 source of all my torments. I am not the
 same man who formerly felt only agreeable
 sensations? who every step he took saw
 Paradise before him, and whose heart was
 expanded, and full of benevolence to the
 whole world. But this heart is now dead,
 dead to all sentiment; my eyes are dry,
 and my senses no longer refreshed by soft
 tears, wither away, and perish, and con-
 sume my brain. My sufferings are great:
 I have lost the only charms of my life; that
 active, sacred power which created worlds
 around me; it is no more. From my win-
 dow I see the distant hills; the rising sun
 breaks through the mists, opens wide the
 prospect, and illuminates the country. I
 see the soft stream gently winding through
 the

the willows stripped of their leaves. Nature displays all her beauties before me, exhibits the most enchanting scenes, and my heart is unmoved; I remain blind, insensible, petrified. Often have I implored Heaven for tears, as the labourer prays for dews to moisten the parched corn.

But, I feel it, God does not grant sunshine or rain to importunate entreaties. Those times, the memory of which now torments me, why were they so fortunate? it was because I then waited for the blessings of the Eternal with patience, and received them with a grateful and feeling heart.

LETTER XXXVII.

NOVEMBER, 8.

CHARLOTTE has reproved me for my excesses, with so much tenderness and goodness:—In order to forget myself my
 dear

dear friend, I have for some time past drank more wine than usual—"Don't do it," said she, "think of Charlotte!—The necessary advice to think of Charlotte!—I do think of you, and yet 'tis not thinking of you; you are always before my eyes, you are in my heart: This very morning I was sitting in the place where you stopped the last time. Immediately she changed the subject. My dear friend, I am no longer any thing, she makes me just what she pleases,

L E T T E R LXVIII.

NOV. 15.

I THANK you, my good friend, for interesting yourself so kindly in what relates to me, and for the good advice you give me; and I beg of you to make yourself easy. Leave me to my sufferings; surrounded as I am, I have still strength enough

enough to endure them to the end. I re-
 vere our religion ; you know I do ; I am
 sensible that it often gives strength to the
 feeble, and comfort to the afflicted.—But
 has it, should it have this effect on all men
 equally ? Consider this vast universe, and
 you will find millions for whom it never
 has existed ; and millions, whether it is
 preached to them or not, for whom it never
 will exist :—Do not give a wrong construc-
 tion to this, I beg of you. I don't love
 vain disputes on subjects which we are all
 equally ignorant of. What is the destiny
 of man ?—to fill up the measure of his
 sufferings, and drink up the bitter draught.
 And if the cup appeared bitter even to the
 Son of the Most High, why should I affect
 a foolish pride, and say my cup is sweet.
 Why should I be ashamed to tremble at
 that fearful moment, when my soul shall
 be suspended between existence and anni-
 hilation—when dissolution, like a flash of
 lightning shall illuminate the dark gulph
 of futurity—when every thing shall shake
 around me, and the whole world vanish
 away ?—This is the voice of a creature of

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pressed beyond all resource, and who feels with terror that he cannot escape destruction.—“My God! my God! why hast thou forsaken me!”—Should I be ashamed to use the expression?—He who spreads out the heavens as it were a garment, felt terror himself.

LETTER LXIX.

Nov. 20.

CHARLOTTE does not know, does not feel, that she is preparing for me a poison which shall destroy us both; and this deadly poison which she presents to me I swallow it in large draughts. What mean those looks of kindness which she sometimes bestows upon me, that complacency with which she hears the sentiments that sometimes escape me, and the tender pity which appears in her countenance: Yesterday when I took leave of her, she held out her hand

hand to me, and say, “ Adieu, my dear WERTER.”—Dear Werter.—It was the first time she evce called me dear : I have repeated it a hundred times since ; and when I went to bed, I said, “ Good night, my dear Werter.”—I recollected myself and laughed.

L E T T E R LXXI.

Nov. 24.

CHARLOTTE is sensible of my sufferings. I found her alone, and was silent ; she looked stedfastly at me ; the fire of genius, the charms of beauty were fled. But I saw in her countenance an expression of soft pity, and the tenderest concern.—Why was I withheld from throwing myself at her feet ? Why did I not dare to take her in my arms, and answer her by a thousand kisses ?—She had recourse to her harpsicord, and in a low and sweet voice accompanied it with melodious sounds. Her
lips

lips never appeared so lovely : they seemed but just to open to receive the notes of the instrument, and return half the vibration.— But who could express such sensations ! I was soon overcome, and bending down, I pronounced this vow ; “ Beautiful lips which celestial spirits guard, never will I seek to profane you.” And yet I wish—Oh ! my friend ! ’tis like drawing a curtain before my heart—only to taste this felicity, and die and expiate my crimes.— My crimes.

L E T T E R LXXI.

Nov. 30.

IT is all over ; I see it, my fate is decided. Every thing increases my woes ; every thing points out my destiny. To-day again.

I went to walk by the river side, about dinner-time, for I could not eat. The country

country was gloomy and deserted ; a cold and damp easterly wind blew from the mountains, and black heavy clouds spread over the plain. I perceived a man at a distance in an old great coat ; he was wandering among the rocks, and seemed to be looking for plants. When I came up to him, he turned about, and I saw an interesting countenance with all the marks of a settled melancholy ; his fine black hair was flowing on his shoulders. " What are you looking for, friend ? " said I. " He answered with a deep sigh, " I am looking for flowers, and I can't find any. " " But this is not the season for flowers, " said I. " There are so many flowers, " he said, " I have in my garden roses, and honeysuckles of two sorts, one of them I had from my father they grow every where : I have been two whole days looking for them. " I asked him what he intended to do with these flowers. He smiled, and holding up his finger with a mysterious air, said, " Don't betray me, I have promised my mistress a nosegay. " — " You did well, " said I, " Oh ! she has every thing, he answered

answered, "she is very rich;"—"And yet,"
 said I, "she likes your nose-gays," "Oh!
 she has jewels and a crown!" he exclaimed.
 I asked who she was? "If the States
 General would pay me," he cried out, "I
 should be quite another man! Alas! there
 was a time when I was so happy; but that
 time is past, and I am now"—He raised
 his swimming eyes to heaven.—"You were
 then happy!" I said, "Alas! why am
 I not still the same;" said he. "I was
 so well, so gay, so contented—I was like a
 fish in the water." An old woman who
 was coming towards us, called out, "Henry,
 Henry! where are you; we have been
 looking every where for you; come to
 dinner!" "Is that your son I asked her."
 "Yes, my poor unfortunate son," said
 he; "the Lord has sent us this affliction."
 I asked whether he had long been in this
 state? It is about six months," she an-
 swered, "since he has been calm as he is
 now, and I thank heaven for it; he was
 one year quite raving, and chained down
 in a mad-house: now he does no harm to
 any body, but he talks of nothing but
 kings

kings and emperors. He was a very good young man, and helped to maintain me; he wrote a very fine hand; and all of a sudden he became melancholy, was seized with a burning fever, grew distracted, and now as you see. If I was to tell you, Sir"—I interrupted her by asking at what time it was that he boasted of having been so happy. "Poor boy," said she, with a smile of compassion, "it is the time in which he was entirely out of his senses; he never ceases to regret it: it is the time when he was confined and absolutely raving." I was thunderstruck. I put some money into his hand, and went away.

"You are happy!" I exclaimed, as I walked hastily back towards the town. "you are like a fish in the water!" God of heaven! is this the destiny of man, is he only happy before he possesses his reason, and after he has lost it! You are unfortunate, and I envy your lot: Full of hopes you go to gather flowers for your plinths—in winter! and are grieved not to find any.—But as for me, I wander

without

without hope, without design, and return as I came. To your disordered fancy it appears that if the States General paid you, you should be a man of consequence ; and happy is it for you that you can attribute your sufferings to any foreign power. You do not know, you do not feel that your wretchedness is in your agitated heart, in your disordered brain, and that all the kings and potentates on earth cannot restore you.

Let their death be without consolation, who can laugh at the sick man that travels to distant springs, only to find an accumulation of disease, and a death more painful? or that can exult over the depressed mind, who to attain peace of conscience, to alleviate his miseries, makes a pilgrimage to the Holy Land ! Every step which wrings his feet in unbeaten paths is a drop of balm to his soul, and each night brings new relief to his heart——Will you dare to call this extravagance ! you that raise yourselves upon stilts to make pompous declamations ?——Extravagance !——O God, thou seest my tears !——thou hast given

unto us a sufficient portion of misery, must we also have brethern that persecute us, that would deprive us of all consolation, and take away our trust in thee, in thy love and mercy? The vine which strengthens us, the root which heals us, come from thy hand—Relief and saving health are thine—Father! whom I know not! thou who were wont to fill my soul, but thou hidest thy face from me:—call me back, speak to my heart:—in vain thy silence would delay a soul which thirsts after thee:—What father would be wrathful against his son, if he appeared suddenly before him and fell on his neck, and cried out, “O, my father: forgive me if I have shortened my journey, if I am returned before the appointed time:—The world is every where the same:—labour and pain pleasure and reward, all were alike indifferent to me—I find happiness only in thy presence, and here let me remain whatever is my fate:—And wouldst thou, heavenly and adored Father, banish this child from thy awful presence?

LETTER

LETTER LXXII.

DEC. I.

MY dear friend, the man I described to you, the man so enyiable in his misfortunes, was secretary to Charlotte's father. He conceived an unhappy passion for her; he cherished concealed, and at length discovered it—was dismissed, and became such as I yesterday saw him.—Think what an impression these few words made upon me which Albert repeated with as much tranquillity, as perhaps you read them.

L E T T E R LXXIII.

DEC. 6.

IT is all over my dear friend ; I can support this state no longer. To-day I was sitting by Charlotte ; she was playing on her harpsichord with an expression it is impossible for me to describe to you. Her little sister was dressing her doll upon my lap ; the tears came into my eyes ; I leaned down and looked intently at her wedding-ring ; my tears fell ; immediately she began to play the favourite, the divine air which has so often enchanted me.—I felt comforted by it ; but it soon recalled to my mind the times that are past—Grief disappointed hopes.—I began to walk with hasty strides about the room—I was choaked—At length I went up to her and with eagerness said, “ for Heaven’s sake play that no longer,” She stopped, looked stedfastly at me, and said with a smile that sunk deep into my heart, “ Well, you are indeed very ill ; your most favourite food disgusts you. Pray go and

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try to compose yourself."—I tore myself from her. Great God thou see'st my torments and thou wilt put an end to them !

LETTER LXXIV.

DEC. 6.

HOW her image haunts me ! Awake or asleep she is ever present to my soul !—Soon as I close my eyes, here in this brain where all my nerves are concentrated, her dark eyes are imprinted. Here—I don't know how to describe it :—but if I shut my eyes, hers are immediately before me like a sea, like a precipice, and they occupy all the fibres of my head—What is man ! that boasted demi-god ! his strength fails him when most he wants it ;—and whether he swims in pleasure, or bends under a load of sorrow, he is forced to stop ; and whilst he is grasping at infinity, finds he must return again to his first cold existence.

LETTER

E L T T E R LXXV.

DECEMBER, 8

I FEEL, as those wretches must have felt who were formerly supposed to be possessed by devils. Sometimes I am seized with strange starts and motions;—it is not agony, it is not passion, it is an interior secret rage which tears my bosom, and seems to seize my throat—Wretch that I am!—Then I run and wander amidst the dark and gloomy scenes which this unfriendly season exhibits. Last night I felt thus constrained to go out of the town. I had been told that the river, and all the brooks in the neighbourhood, had overflown the banks, and that my favourite valley was under water, I ran thither at past eleven o'clock, it was a gloomy and awful sight the moon was behind a cloud, but by means of a few scattered rays I could p

ce.

ceive the foaming waves rolling over the fields and meadows, and beating against the bushes; the whole valley was a stormy sea, tossed by furious winds. The moon then appeared again, and rested on a dark cloud; the splendour of her light encreased the disorder of nature. The echoes repeated and redoubled the roarings of the wind and the waters. I drew near to the precipice; I wished and shuddered; I stretched out my arms, I leaned over, I sighed and lost myself in the happy thought of burying all my sufferings, all my torments, in that abyss and tossing amidst the waves. Why were my feet rooted to the earth? why could I not thus have put an end to my misery?—But I feel it, my dear friend, my hour is not yet come. With what delight should I have changed my nature, and have incorporated with the whirlwinds to rend the clouds and disturb the waters! Perhaps I may one day quit my prison, and taste these pleasures.

I looked sorrowfully down upon a little spot where I had sat under a willow by the side of Charlotte, after a summer's walk ;
that

that also was under water. I could hardly distinguish the tree. Alas ! I then thought of the meadows, the fields round the hunting lodge ; the walls, the green recesses, now perhaps laid waste by the torrent : and the memory of time for ever lost entered my heart.—Thus to the sleeping captive dreams recall all the blessings he is deprived of.—I stopped.—I don't reproach myself, I have the courage to die ;—I should have— I am now like an old and wretched woman, who picks dry sticks along the hedge-side and begs bread from door to door, to prolong for a few moments her feeble and miserable existence.

LETTER

LETTER LXXIV.

DECEMBER, 17.

I KNOW not how it is, my dear friend, my imagination is full of terror! Is not my love for her the purest and the most sacred? Is it not the love of a brother for his sister? Did ever my heart form a wish that was criminal?—I will make no vows.—And now a dream—Oh! they were much in the right who attributed contending passions to powers that are foreign to us!—This very night—I tremble as I write it—this very night I held her in my arms, I pressed her to my bosom, devoured her trembling lips with kisses. The most melting softness was in her eyes, in mine equal extasy.—When I now at this moment recal these transports with delight, am I guilty of a crime?—Oh! Charlotte! Charlotte! 'tis all over;—my senses are disordered, and for these seven days I have not been myself;—my eyes are full of tears;—all places are alike

to

to me ; in none am I at peace ;—I desire
nothing, I ask nothing.—Ahl 'twere better
far that I should depart!

[The Editor to the Reader.]

IN order to give a connected account
of the last days of Werter, I am obliged
to interrupt the course of his letters by a
narration the materials for which were fur-
nished to me by Charlotte, Albert, his own
servant, and some other witnesses.

THE passion of Werter had insensibly
diminished the harmony which subsisted
between Charlotte and her husband. The
affection of Albert for his wife was sincere
but calm, and had by degrees given place
to his business. He did not indeed owe
even to himself, that there was this
difference

difference between the days of courtship
 and the days of marriage; but he felt a
 certain displeasure at the marked atten-
 tions of WERTER. It was an infringement
 of his right, and a kind of tacit reproof.
 This idea increased the dissatisfaction he
 felt from business that was continually ac-
 cumulating, that was full of difficulties,
 and for which he was but indifferently
 paid. The grief which preyed on WER-
 TER's heart had exhausted the strength of
 his genius; he had lost his vivacity, and
 his quick perceptions; in society he ap-
 peared joyless and flat. This disposition
 had of course an influence upon Charlotte,
 who saw him every day; and she fell into
 sort of melancholy; which Albert attri-
 buted to the progress of her attachment to
 her lover, and WERTER to the deep con-
 cern she felt for the alteration in Albert's
 conduct towards her. The want of con-
 fidence in those two friends made their so-
 ciety irksome to each other. Albert avoid-
 ed going to his wife's apartment when
 WERTER was there; and WERTER, who
 perceived it, after some fruitless efforts to
 resist, took those opportunities to see her
 when

when he knew Albert was engaged. Discontent and bitterness of heart increased; till at length Albert very drily told his wife, that were it for the sake of appearance only, she should behave differently to Werter and not see him so often. About the same time, this unfortunate young man was confirmed in his resolution to quit the world. It had long been his most favourite thought, and particularly since his return to the neighbourhood of Charlotte. He had always encouraged it, but he would not commit such an action with precipitation and rashness; he was determined to take this step like a man who knows what he is doing, is resolved and firm, but calm and tranquil. His doubts and struggle may be seen by the following fragment, which was found without any date amongst his papers, and which appears to have been the beginning of a letter to his friend.

—HER presence, her fate, the interest she shews for mine, have power still to draw some tears from my withered brain

One lifts up the curtain; one passes to the other side—that is all:—And why all these delays?—why all these fears—because there is no returning—and we suppose that all is darkness and confusion where there is uncertainty.

[His mortification when he was secretary to the ambassador, was never effaced from his memory. Whenever he mentioned it, which did not often happen, it was easy to perceive that he thought his honour irrecoverably wounded by that adventure; and it gave him a distaste for public affairs, and all political business. He then gave way entirely to those singular opinions and sentiments which are to be met with in these letters; and to a passion which knew no bounds, and which was destined to consume all his remaining vigour. The continual sameness and sadness of his intercourse with the most amiable and most beloved of women, whose peace he disturbed—his conflicts and struggles,—and the

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seeing his life pass away without end
 design, drove him at length to put an end
 to his existence.)

L E T T E R LXXVII.

DECEMBER, 25

I MUST depart! I thank you for having repeated the word so seasonable.—
 Yes, it is undoubtedly better that I should depart. However, I do not entirely approve the scheme of returning to your neighbourhood: at least I should like to make a tour in my way; particularly as one may expect a frost, and consequently good roads. I am much pleased with your intention of coming to fetch me; I only desire you to defer your journey for a fortnight, and to wait for another letter from me. One should gather nothing before it is ripe, and a fortnight sooner or later makes a great difference. Desire my mother to think of me in her prayers; and tell her

Sincerely

sincerely ask her pardon for all the unhappiness I have occasioned her. I was doomed to give sorrow to all those whose happiness I ought to have promoted. Adieu! my dear! my dearest friend. May all the blessings of Heaven attend you.—Adieu!

[T H E same day, (which was the Sunday before Christmas,) Werter went in the evening to Charlotte's house, and found her alone. She was busy preparing little gifts for her brothers and sisters, which were to be distributed on Christmas-eve. He began talking of the delight of the children, and of that age, when the opening of the door, and the sudden appearance of the desert, decorated up with wax candles, causes such transports of joy.—“ You shall have a gift too, if you behave well,” said Charlotte, hiding her embarrassment under a sweet smile. “ What do you call behaving well,” said he, “ my dear Charlotte?” She answered, “ Thursday night Christmas-eve: the children are all to be there, and my father too, there is a present for each; do you come likewise—but do

not come before that time."—Werter was struck—"I desire you will not; it must be so; I ask it of you as a favour; it is for my own peace and tranquillity that I ask it; we must not go on in this manner any longer."—He turned away his face, and walked hastily up and down the room, and muttered between his teeth, "We must not go on in this manner any longer." Charlotte, seeing the violent agitation into which these words had thrown him, endeavoured to divert his thoughts by different questions. But it was in vain. "No, Charlotte," said he, "I will never see you more!" "And, why so, Werter?" "We may, we must see one another again; only let it be with more discretion. Otherwise why were you born with that impetuous—with that excessive, that ungovernable passion for every thing that is dear to you?" Then taking his hand, she said, "Let me beg of you to be more calm; what a variety of pleasure and entertainment you have, your fine understanding, your genius and talents may furnish you!—Be yourself, and give up the

the better of an unfortunate attachment to
 me, who can only pity you."—He bit his
 lips, and looked at her with a dark and angry
 countenance. She continued to hold his
 hand—"Grant me a moment's patience,
 Werter!—Do you not see that you are
 deceiving yourself, that you are seeking
 your own destruction?—Why must it be
 only me—me who belongs to another?
 —I fear, I much fear, that the impossibi-
 lity only of possessing me, makes the desire
 of it so strong." He drew back his hand,
 and with wild and angry looks fixed his
 eyes on her—" 'Tis well!" he exclaimed,
 'Tis very well!—Did not Albert furnish
 you with this reflection?—'tis a very pro-
 found one." "It is a reflection that any
 one might easily make," she answered;
 "What! is there not in the whole world,
 one woman who is at liberty, and who
 has the power to make you happy? Get
 the better of yourself; look for such a wo-
 man, and believe me, when I tell you that
 you will certainly find her. I have long
 apprehended for you, and for us all, the
 small

small circle to which you have confined not
yourself.—Make an effort; a journey may be r
and will dissipate you.—Seek, and find an of t
object worthy your tenderness; then re creati
turn here, and enjoy with us all the hap and
piness that can arise from the most perfect soldi
friendship.” suppe

“ This speech, my dear Charlotte,” said W
Werter, with a smile, but full of acrimony, from
“ ought to be printed for the improvement alone
of all teachers; allow me but a little time earne
longer, and all will be well.”—“ But, room
however, Werter, don’t come again be witho
fore Christmas-eve,” she said —He was go the bo
ing to answer, when Albert came in.—— clever
Werter and he coolly saluted each other, and t
and with apparent embarrassment walked prever
up and down the room. They began to in the
converse on different subjects, but without Mo
connection, and they were soon dropped. he w
Albert asked his wife about some commissi found
sions he had given her; and finding they and g
were not executed, he made use of some in fra
harsh expressions, which pierced the heart cumsta
of Werter.—He wished to go, but had not

ined not power to move; and in this situation
 may he remained till eight o'clock; uneasiness
 d an of temper and acrimony continually in-
 re creasing, 'till at length the cloth was laid,
 nap and he took leave, whilst Albert very
 rfect boldly asked him, if he would not stay
 supper.

faid Werter returned home, took the candle
 ony, from his servant, and went up to his room
 nent alone. He was heard talking with great
 time earnestness, and walking hastily in his
 But room in a passion of tears. At length,
 be without undressing, he threw himself on
 go the bed; where his servant found him at
 — eleven o'clock, when he ventured to go in
 her and take off his boots. Werter did not
 liked prevent him, but ordered him not to come
 a to in the morning till he rung.

hou Monday morning, the 21st of December,
 ped he wrote the following letter, which was
 mis found sealed on his bureau after his death,
 they and given to Charlotte. I shall insert it
 some in fragments, as it appears by several cir-
 near cumstances to have been written.]

—IT is all over.—Charlotte, I am resolved to die; I tell you deliberately and coolly, without any romantic passion. The morning of that day on which I am to see you for the last time; at the very moment when you read these lines, Oh! best of women! a cold grave holds the inanimate remains of that agitated unhappy man, who in the last moments of his life knew no pleasure so great as that of conversing with you. I have passed a dreadful night—or rather let me call it a propitious one; for it has determined me, it has fixed my purpose; I am resolved to die. When I tore myself from you yesterday, my senses were in the greatest tumult and disorder, my heart was oppressed; hope and every ray of pleasure were fled for ever from me; and a petrifying cold seemed to surround my wretched being.—I could scarcely reach my room—I threw myself on my knees—Heaven for the last time granted me the consolation of shedding tears. My troubled soul was agitated by a thousand ideas, a thousand different schemes! at

length

length one thought took possession of me, and is now fixed in my heart—I will die.—It is not despair, it is conviction that I have filled up the measure of my sufferings, that I have reached the term, and that I sacrifice myself for you. Yes, Charlotte, why should I not say it? It is necessary for one of us three to depart—It shall be Werter.—Oh! my dear Charlotte! this heart, governed by rage and fury, has often conceived the horrid idea of murdering your husband—you—myself—I must then depart.—When in the fine evenings of summer, you walk towards the mountains, think of me; recollect the times you have so often seen me come up from the valley; raise your eyes to the church-yard which contains my grave; and by the light of the departing sun, see how the evening breeze waves the high grass which grows over me!—I was calm when I began my letter; but the recollection of these scenes make me cry like a child.

[About ten in the morning, Werter called his servant; and as he was dressing,
told

told him he should go in a few days, bid him lay his clothes in order, call in his bills, fetch home the books he had lent, and give two months pay to the poor people who were used to receive a weekly allowance from him. He breakfasted in his room, and then mounted his horse, and went to make a visit to the Steward, who was not at home. He walked pensively in the garden, and seemed as if he wished to renew all the ideas that were most painful to him. The children did not suffer him to remain long alone; they all went in pursuit of him, and skipping and dancing round him, told him, that after to-morrow, and to-morrow, and one day more, they were to have their Christmas-gift from Charlotte; and described to him all the wonderful things their little imaginations had formed expectations of. "To-morrow," said he, "and to-morrow, and one day more!"—and he kissed them tenderly. He was going, but the little one stopped him to whisper in his ear, that his brother had written fine compliments upon
the

the new year,—very fine indeed, and very long, one for papa, and one for Albert and Charlotte, and one for Mr. Werter too; and that they were to be presented very early in the morning on new year's day.—

This last stroke quite overcame him.—He gave something to each of the children, got upon his horse, and charging them to give his compliments to their papa, left them with tears in his eyes. He returned home about five o'clock, and ordered his servant to keep up the fire; told him to pack up his books and linen at the bottom of the trunk, and to lay his coats at the top.—He then appears to have wrote the following fragment of his letter to Charlotte.]

—You do not expect me;—You think I shall obey you, and that I shall not see you again till Christmas-eve. Oh! Charlotte! to-day or never! On Christmas-eve you will hold in your hand this paper; you will tremble, and you will wet it with your tears—I ought—will—I am well pleased that I have fixed my resolution.

[At

[At half an hour after six, he went to Albert's; he found only Charlotte at home, who was much distressed at seeing him. She had in conversation with her husband, mentioned with seeming negligence, that Werter would not come there again till Christmas eve; and very soon afterwards Albert ordered his horse, and notwithstanding the rain, set out in order to settle some business with a steward in the neighbourhood. Charlotte knew that he had for a long time delayed making this visit, which was to keep him a night from home. She felt his want of confidence, and was hurt. Alone, and full of sorrow, she recalled her past life, and found no cause of reproach either in her sentiments or her conduct, or with regard to her husband, from whom she had a right to expect happiness, and who was now the cause of her misery. She then thought of Werter, and blamed, but could not hate him. A secret sympathy had attached her to him from their first acquaintance; and now, after so long an intimacy, after passing through so many difficult

difficult scenes, the impression was en-
 graved on her mind for ever. At length
 her full heart was relieved by tears, and she
 fell into a soft melancholy, in which she
 was quite wrapt and lost; when with in-
 finite astonishment and emotion she heard
 Werter upon the stairs, asking if she was
 at home. It was too late to deny herself,
 and she had not recovered her confusion
 when he came in. "You have not kept
 your word," she cried out—"I did not
 promise any thing," he answered—"But
 for both our sakes," said Charlotte, "you
 should have granted what I asked of you."
 She sent to some of her friends, and de-
 sired them to come, that they might be
 witnesses of the conversation; with the
 idea too, that Werter, thinking himself
 obliged to wait upon them home, would
 go away the sooner. He had brought some
 books; she talked to him of them, and of
 some others, and introduced various dif-
 ferent subjects whilst she was expecting
 her friends; but the servant brought back
 their

their excuses—one was engaged with company, and another prevented by the rain.

This unlucky circumstance at first made Charlotte uneasy, but the consciousness of her own innocence at length inspired her with a noble confidence; and above the chimeras of Albert's brain, and conscious of her own purity of heart, she rejected her first intention of calling in her maid, and after playing two or three minutes on the harpsichord to recover herself, she went with great composure and sat down by Werter on the sofa. "Have you nothing to read to me?" she said.—He answered, "No,"—"Open that drawer," said Charlotte, "and you will find your own translation of some of the songs of Ossian; I have not yet read it: I have been waiting till you could read it to me yourself, but for some time past you have been good for nothing."—He smiled, went to fetch the manuscript, and shuddered as he took it up—He sat down with eyes swimming in tears, and began to read—After reading for some time, he came to the affecting passage

passage, where Armin deplores the loss of his beloved daughter.

“ Alone on the sea-beat rock my daughter was heard to complain. Frequent and loud were her cries; nor could her father relieve her. All night I stood on the shore. I saw her by the faint beam of the moon. All night I heard her cries. Loud was the wind, and the rain beat hard on the side of the mountain. Before morning appeared, her voice was weak! it died away like the evening breeze amongst the grass of the rocks. Spent with grief, she expired; and left thee, Armin, alone! Gone is my strength in the war; and fallen my pride amongst women!

“ When the storms of the mountain come, when the north lifts the waves on high, I sit by the sounding shore, and look on the fatal rock. Often by the setting moon I see the ghosts of my children. Half viewless they walk in mournful conference together. Will none of you speak in pity! They do not regard their father. I am sad, O Carmor! nor small my cause of woe!”

A flood

A flood of tears streamed from the eyes of Charlotte, and gave some relief to the oppression of heart which she felt. Werter threw down the paper, seized her hand, and wept over it. She leaned on the other arm, and held her handkerchief to her eyes. They were both of them in the utmost agitation. In this unhappy story they felt their own misfortunes; together they felt them, and their tears flowed from the same source. The ardent eyes and lips of Werter were rivetted to her arm. She trembled, and wished to go from him, but sorrow and soft compassion pressed upon her and weighed her down. At length she heaved a deep sigh to recover herself, and sobbing, desired him to go on. Werter quite exhausted, took up the manuscript, and in broken accents, continued:

“ Why dost thou awake me, O gale? It seems to say, I am covered with the drops of heaven. The time of my fading is near, and the blast that shall scatter my leaves. To-morrow shall the traveller come; he that saw me in my beauty shall

come

come; his eyes shall search the field, but they will not find me."

[The whole force of these words fell like a stroke of thunder on the heart of the unfortunate Werter. In his despair he threw himself at Charlotte's feet, seized her hands, and put them to his eyes and to his forehead. An apprehension of his fatal project for the first time struck her: her senses were bewildered; she pressed his hands, pressed them to her bosom, and leaning towards him, with emotions of tender pity, her warm cheek touched his.— Then they lost sight of every thing; the whole world disappeared from before their eyes. He clasped her in his arms, strained her to his bosom, and covered her trembling lips with passionate kisses, "Werter!" she cried, in a faint voice, and turned her face from him; "Werter!" and with a feeble hand put him from her. At length with the firm and determined voice of virtue, she cried, "Werter!" and he was awed by it; and tearing himself from her arms,

arms, fell on his knees before her. Charlotte rose, and with disordered grief, and in a voice of love, mixed with resentment, said, " This is the last time, Werter; you will never see me more!" She cast one last tender look upon her unfortunate lover, then ran into her room, and bolted the door; Werter held out his arms to her, but did not dare to detain her. He continued on the ground, with his head resting on the sofa, for above half an hour, till he heard a noise;—it was the servant coming to lay the cloth. He then walked up and down the room; and when he was again left alone, he went to Charlotte's door, and in a low voice, said, " Charlotte: Charlotte! but one word more, only one adieu." He stopped, and listened. She made no answer.—He entreated—listened again! then tore himself from the place, crying, " Adieu, Charlotte! Adieu for ever!"

[Werter ran to the gate of the town; the guard knew him, and let him pass.

The

The night was dark and stormy; it rained and snowed. He came in about eleven. His servant perceived he was without a hat, but did not venture to say any thing; and when he undressed his master, he found his clothes were all wet. His hat was afterwards found upon the point of a rock, where it was inconceivable that he could climb in such a night, without breaking his neck. He went to bed, and slept till late next day. His servant found him writing when he carried his coffee to him. He was adding what follows to Charlotte's letter.]

For the last, last time, I now open my eyes. Alas! they behold the sun no more; a thick and gloomy fog hides it.—Yes! let Nature put on mourning—your child, your friend, your lover, draws near his end. Charlotte! the sentiment I now feel, stands alone in my mind—it is strongly marked; and yet nothing appears to me more like a dream, than when I say, this is the last day. The last!—Charlotte, I have no idea that corresponds with this word—last!—

To-day

To-day I stand upright, I have all my strength; to-morrow, cold and stiff, I shall lie extended on the ground. What is death? we do but dream when we talk of it. I have seen many die;—but such are the limits of our feeble nature; we have no clear conceptions of the beginning or end of our existence. At this moment I still possess myself—or rather, dearest of women! I am thine; and the next—detached, separated—perhaps for ever!—No, Charlotte, no: we now exist, how can we be annihilated—What is annihilation? this too is a mere word, a sound which conveys no idea to my mind:—Dead! Charlotte! shut up in a pit, so deep, so dark.—I had a friend who was every think to me in my helpless youth; she died: I followed her hearse, I stood by the side of her grave, when the coffin was let down; when I heard the crackling of the cords as they were let down and drawn up, when the first shovel of earth was thrown in, and the coffin returned a hollow sound, which grew fainter and fainter, till it was

all

all covered in, I threw myself on the ground; my heart was smitten, grieved, rent; but I neither knew what had happened, nor what was to happen to me.—Death!—Grave—I understand not the words.

Forgive! forgive!—yesterday—Alas! that moment should have been the last of my life. I am beloved, I am beloved by her; the delightful sense of it for the first time penetrated, enflamed my heart. My lips still feel the sacred warmth they received from thine. New torrents of delights flow in upon my heart.—Forgive me, forgive me.

Oh! I knew that I was dear to you; I saw it in the first animated look which you directed to me! I knew it in the first time you pressed my hand: but when I was absent from you, when I saw Albert by your side, my doubts and fears returned.

Do you recollect the flowers you sent me, when at a disagreeable and crowded assembly you could neither speak to me, nor hold out your hand? Half the night I was on my knees before those flowers; they
were

were the pledges of affection: but these impressions grew fainter, and were at length effaced.—Every think passes away; but a whole eternity could not extinguish the flame which was yesterday kindled by your lips, the flame I feel within me.—She loves me! these arms have encircled her waist, these lips have trembled upon hers; she is mine.—Yes, Charlotte! you are mine for ever!

Albert is your husband; but what of that?—It is for this life only.—And in this life only it is a crime to love you, to wish to tear you from him! This is a crime, and I punish myself for it: I have enjoyed it.—I have enjoyed the full delight of it.—I drew in a balm which has revived my soul. From this moment you are mine.—Yes, Charlotte, you are mine. I go before you, I go to my father, to thy father, I shall carry my sorrows to the foot of his throne, and he will give me comfort till you arrive. Then will I fly to meet you, I will claim you, and remain with you for ever in the presence of the Almighty. I

do not dream, I do not rave; drawing near to the grave, my perceptions are more clear. We shall exist, we shall see one another again; we shall see your respected mother; I shall see her, I shall find her out, and I shall not be afraid to shew her my heart.—Your mother! your image!

[About eleven o'clock, Werter asked his servant if Albert was returned: he answered, “Yes; for he had seen him go by on horseback.” Upon which Werter sent him with the following note unsealed:

“Be so good to lend me your pistols for a journey. Adieu!”

The tender Charlotte had passed the night in great agitation and distress; her blood boiled in her veins, and painful sensations rent her heart. The ardor of Werter's passionate embraces had, in spite of all her efforts, stolen into her bosom: at the same time she recalled to her memory the days of her tranquillity and innocence, and they appeared to her with new charms. She dreaded the looks of her husband, and the

the pointed irony of his questions, after he had heard of Werter's visit. She had never been guilty of a falsehood, never had dissembled, and for the first time she felt the necessity of it. Her distress and repugnance made her think her fault more enormous; and yet she could neither hate the author of it, nor even resolve to see him o more. Melancholy and languid, she was scarce dressed when her husband came in: his presence was for the first time irksome to her. She trembled lest he should perceive that she had been crying and had no sleep; and this apprehension increased her embarrassment. She received him with a kind of eagerness, which rather betrayed remorse and confusion, than expressed any real satisfaction. Albert observed it: and after opening some letters, he drily asked her, whether there was any news, and who she had seen in his absence? She answered after some hesitation, "Werter spent an hour here yesterday."—"He chuses his time well," said Albert, and went into his room. Charlotte remained alone

alone for a quarter of an hour. The presence of a man she esteemed and loved, gave a new turn to her thoughts; she recollected his kindness, the generosity of his character, his attachment to her; and she reproached herself for having so ill requited him. A secret impulse prompted her to follow him; she went to his room, and took her work with her, as she sometimes used to do. She asked him when she went in, if he wanted any thing? he said, "No," and began to write: she sat down and worked. Albert from time to time took a few turns up and down the room; and then Charlotte addressed some discourse to him; but he scarcely made her any answer, and sat down again to his bureau. This behaviour was made more painful to her, by her endeavours to hide the concern she felt from it, and to restrain the tears which were every moment ready to flow. They had passed an hour in this irksome situation, when the arrival of Werter's servant completed Charlotte's distress. As soon as Albert had read the note, he

turned coldly to his wife, and said, " Give him the pistols—I wish him a good journey." These words were a thunder-stroke to Charlotte; she got up, and tottering, walked slowly to the wall, with a trembling hand took down the pistols, and by degrees wiped of the dust. She would have made still more delay, had not a look from Albert obliged her to leave off. She then delivered the fatal arms to the servant, without being able to speak a single word; folded up her work, and went directly to her room, overcome with mortal grief, and her heart foreboding dreadful calamities. Sometimes she was on the point of going to her husband, to throw herself at his feet, and to acquaint him with all that had happened the preceding evening; to tell him her fault and her apprehensions;—but then she foresaw that it would be useless, and that Albert would certainly not be persuaded to go to Werter's house. Dinner was served, and a friend of Charlotte's, whom she desired to stay with her, helped to support the conversation. When Werter

hear

heard that Charlotte had given the pistols with her own hand to the servant; he received them with transport. He eat some bread and drank a glass of wine, sent his servant to dinner, and then began to write.]

To Charlotte in continuation.

—THEY have been in your hands you wiped the dust from them: I gave them a thousand kisses; you have touched them. Ah! Heaven approves and favours my design. It is you Charlotte who furnish me with the fatal instrument; I wished to receive my death from your hand, and from your hand I am going to receive it. I have been enquiring of my servant—you trembled when you gave him the pistols; you did not bid me adieu.—Wretched! wretched that I am!—not one adieu!—In that moment, which unites me to you for ever; can your heart be shut against me; Oh Charlotte! ages cannot wear out the impression; yet I feel that you cannot hate the man who has this passionate love for you.

[After dinner he had his trunk packed up, destroyed a great many papers, and

went out to discharge some trifling debts. He returned home; and then went out again, notwithstanding the rain, first to the Count's garden, and then farther into the country. He returned when night came on, and began to write again.]

—MY dear friend, I have for the last time seen the mountains, the forests, and the sky. Adieu!—My dearest mother, forgive me: my friend, I entreat you to comfort her. God bless you! I have settled all my affairs; farewell! We shall see one another again, we shall see one another when we are more happy.

I HAVE but ill requited you, Albert; and you forgive me.—I have disturbed the peace of your family; I have occasioned a want of confidence between you. Adieu! I am going to put an end to all this. May my death remove every obstacle to your happiness; Albert, Albert, make that angel happy; and may the benediction of Heaven be upon you!

[He finished the settling of his papers; tore and burned a great many, others he sealed

sealed up and directed to his friend. They contained loose thoughts and maxims, some of which I have seen. At ten o'clock he ordered his fire to be made up, and a pint of wine to be brought to him, and then dismissed his servant, who with the rest of the family lay in another part of the house. The servant lay down in his cloaths, that he might be the sooner ready the next morning, his master having told him that the post-horses would be at the door before six o'clock.]

Werter in conclusion to Charlotte.

—P A S T eleven o'clock. All is silent around me, and my soul is calm!—I render thanks to thee, O God! that thou grantest to me in these last moments, warmth and vigour.

I draw near to the window, my dear friend, and through clouds which are driven rapidly along by impetuous winds, I see some stars. Heavenly bodies! You will not fall; the Eternal supports both you and me! I have also seen the greater Bear—favourite of all the constellations; for when I left you in the evening it used to shine
opposite

opposite your door. How often have I looked at it with rapture! How often raised my hands toward it, and made it a witness of my felicity! and still—Oh! Charlotte! what is there which does not bring your image before me? Do you not surround me on all sides; and have I not, like a child, collected together all the little things which you have made sacred by your touch

The profile, which was so dear to me, I return to you, Charlotte; and I pray you to have a regard for it. Thousands of kisses have I imprinted on it, and a thousand times have I addressed myself to it, as I went out and came in.

I have written a note to your father, to beg he will protect my remains. At the corner of the church-yard, which looks toward the fields, there are two lime-trees; it is there I wish to rest; this is in your father's power, and he will do it for his friend. Join your entreaties to mine. Perhaps pious Christians will not chuse that their bodies should be interred near the corpse of an unhappy wretch like me. Ah! let me then be laid in some re-

mote

remote valley; or by the side of the high-way, that the Priest and the Levite, when they pass my tomb, may lift their eyes to Heaven, and render thanks to the Lord, whilst the Samaritan gives a tear to my fate.

Charlotte! I do not shudder, now that I hold in my hand the fatal instrument of my death. You present it to me, and I do not draw back. All, all, is now finished;—this is the accomplishment of all my hopes; thus all my vows are fulfilled.

Why had I not the satisfaction to die for you, Charlotte? to sacrifice myself for you?—And could I restore peace and happiness to your bosom, with what resolution, with what pleasure should I meet my fate! But to a chosen few only it is given to shed their blood for those who are dear to them, and augment their happiness by the sacrifice.

I wish Charlotte, to be buried in the cloaths I now wear: you have touched them, and they are sacred. I have asked this favour of your father—My soul hovers over my grave—My pockets are not to be searched.—The knot of pink ribbon, which you wore

wore on your bosom the first time I saw you, surrounded by your children—(Dear children, I think I see them playing round you; give them a thousand kisses, and tell them the fate of their unfortunate friend. Ah! at that first moment, how strongly was I attracted to you! how unable ever since to loose myself from you!)—this knot of riband is to be buried with me; you gave it to me on my birth-day.—Be at peace; let me entreat you, be at peace!—

They are loaded——the clock strikes twelve—I go —Charlotte!—Charlotte!—Farewel! Farewel! Farewel!——

[One of the neighbours saw the flash and heard the report of the pistol; but every thing remaining quiet, he thought no more of it]

At six in the morning, his servant went into the room with a candle. He found his master stretched on the floor, and weltering in his blood: he took him up in his arms, and spoke to him, but received no answer. Some small symptoms of life still appearing, the servant ran to fetch a surgeon, and then went to Albert's. Charlotte heard the gate bell ring,

an universal tremor seized her: she waked her husband, and both got up. The servant all in tears, told them the dreadful event. Charlotte fell senseless at Albert's feet.

When the surgeon came to the unfortunate Werter, he was still lying on the floor, and his pulse beat: but the ball going in above the eye, had pierced through the skull. However, a vein was opened in his arm; the blood came, and he still continued to breath.

It was supposed, by the blood round his chair, that he committed this rash action, as he was sitting at his bureau; and he afterwards fell on the floor—He was found lying on his back near the window. He was dressed in a blue frock and buff waistcoat, and had boots on. every body in the house and neighbourhood, and in short from all parts of the town, ran to see him. Albert came in: Werter was laid on his bed, his head was bound up, and the paleness of death was on his face. there was still some signs of life; but every moment they expected him to expire. He had drank only one glass of wine. *Emilia Gallotti* was lying open upon his bureau.

I will

I will say nothing of Albert's great distress, nor of the situation of Charlotte.—

The old Steward, as soon as he heard of this event, hurried to the house: he embraced his dying friend, and wept bitterly. His eldest boys soon followed him on foot: they threw themselves on their knees, by the side of Werter's bed, in the utmost despair, and kissed his hands and face. The eldest, who was his favourite, held him in his arms till he expired; and even then he was taken away by force. At twelve Werter breathed his last. The Steward by his presence, and his precautions, prevented any disturbance amongst the populace: and in the night the body of Werter was buried in the place he had himself chosen. The Steward and his sons followed him to the grave. Albert was not able to do it. Charlotte's life was despaired of. The body was carried by labourers, and no priest attended.



wherever he turned his steps he found

" Men's hearts and dispositions various,
But gentle woman *ever kind*."

Another poet thus speaks—

" Oh, woman ! lovely woman ! Nature made thee
To temper man—we had been brutes without you ;
Angels are painted fair to look like you :
There's in you all that we believe of heav'n—
Amazing brightness, purity, and truth,
Eternal joy, and everlasting love."

And another poet, who is hailed universally as the bard of nature—

" Ah ! where do all affections thrill
So sweetly as in woman's breast."

Our gentle readers may hence discern that we are not disciples of the mesogynist EURIPIDES.